

# THIS IS VET IN THE NETHERLANDS



Qualifying for the labour market

Qualifying for further education

Qualifying for good citizenship

## 1 | ENROLLMENT

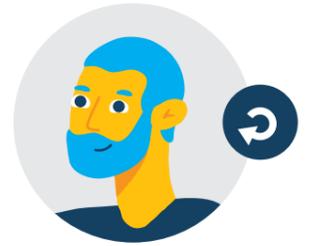
Depending on previous education, age, experience or interests, there is appropriate schooling available for everyone. This includes re-schooling, further training or re-entering education after a break.



Starters



Continuing students



Restarters

## 2 | MAIN SECTORS

All courses are divided into four main sectors:

- 1 health, welfare, culture and sport
- 2 engineering and construction
- 3 environmental studies and food
- 4 economics, business, ICT and hospitality



## 3 | LEARNING PATHWAYS

With a focus on the individual qualities of students and expectations of the business community, VET courses can be followed through two learning pathways:

**SBL** 74%

School-based learning

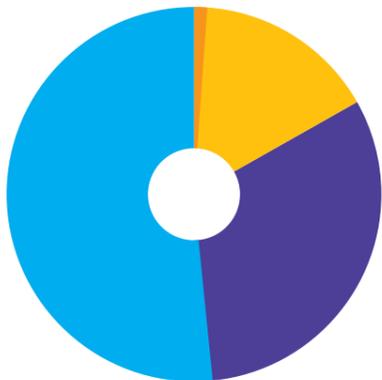
**WBL** 24%

Work-based learning

2% exam participation

## 4 | LEVELS

VET education offers courses at four levels:



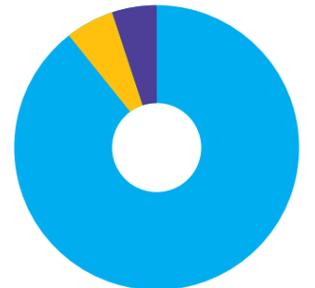
- entry level
- VET Level 2
- VET level 3
- VET level 4

Additionally, it offers two supplementary forms of training:

- 1 contract education
- 2 adult education:
  - secondary general adult education (vavo)
  - language, mathematics and digital courses
  - integration skills for newcomers

## 5 | TYPES OF SCHOOLS

- **rocs** (regional education centres) offer courses across all sectors.
- **aocs** (agricultural education centres) provide courses related to nutrition, nature and environment.
- **special colleges** focus on providing educational courses for specific industries and crafts.



## VET: LIFELONG DEVELOPMENT

**63** schools

**507.900** students

**56.500** employees



VET education trains 40% of the labour force

These figures are from the 2018-2019 school year; for current figures see [mboraad.nl](http://mboraad.nl)